In the Claims

- 1. (Canceled)
- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Canceled)

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- 4. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim 3, wherein the step of optimizing the efficiency of a combustion device comprising at least three control zones, each of said control zones comprising at least one burner assembly, said method comprising:
- a) individually supplying fuel to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones;
 - b) individually measuring a combustion characteristic of the collective combusted gas from said burner assemblies in each of said control zones, wherein said combustion characteristic is oxygen concentration; and
 - assemblies in each of said control zones of step e) in response to the value of said combustion characteristic corresponding to each of said control zones to keep the value of said combustion characteristic within a predetermined range, wherein said step of individually adjusting the flow of air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones is performed such that the oxygen concentration in said collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is in the range of from about 0.5 to about 5.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.

- 5. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim 3-4 wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones of step c) is performed such that the oxygen concentration in said collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is in the range of from about 1.0 to about 3.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
- 6. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim 3-4 wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones of step c) is performed such that the oxygen concentration in said collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is in the range of from 1.5 to 2.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
 - 7. (Canceled)

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- 8. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim 7, wherein the step of optimizing the efficiency of a combustion device comprising at least three control zones, each of said control zones comprising at least one burner assembly, said method comprising:
- a) individually supplying fuel to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones;
- b) individually measuring a combustion characteristic of the collective combusted gas from said burner assemblies in each of said control zones, wherein said combustion characteristic is carbon dioxide concentration; and
- c) individually adjusting the flow of air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones of step e) in response to the value of said

value of each of said combustion characteristic within a predetermined range, wherein said step of individually adjusting the flow of air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones is performed such that the carbon dioxide concentration in said collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is greater than about 2.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.

- 9. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim-7 8 wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones of step c) is performed such that the carbon dioxide concentration in said collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is greater than about 5.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
- 10. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim 7-8 wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones of step c) is performed such that the carbon dioxide concentration in said collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is greater than about 10.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
 - 11. (Canceled)

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12. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim 11, wherein the step of optimizing the efficiency of a combustion device comprising at least three control zones, each of said control zones comprising at least one burner assembly, said method comprising:

a) individually supplying fuel to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones;

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- b) individually measuring a combustion characteristic of the collective combusted gas from said burner assemblies in each of said control zones, wherein said combustion characteristic is carbon monoxide concentration; and
- c) individually adjusting the flow of air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones in response to the value of said combustion characteristic corresponding to each of said control zones to keep the value of each of said combustion characteristic within a predetermined range, wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones of step c) is performed such that the carbon monoxide concentration in said collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is less than about 1000 ppmy, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
- 13. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim—11 12 wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones of step c) is performed such that the carbon monoxide concentration in said collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is less than about 500 ppmv, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
- 14. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim 11-12 wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones of step c) is performed such that the carbon monoxide concentration in said collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is substantially 0 ppmv, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.

	15.	(Canceled)	
	¹ 16.	(Canceled)	
	17.	(Canceled)	
	18.	(Canceled)	
	19.	(Amended) A method in accordance with claim 18, wherein the	
	step of optimizing th	e efficiency of a combustion device comprising at least three	
	control zones, each of said control zones comprising at least one burner assembly, said method comprising:		
5	a)	individually supplying fuel to each of said burner assemblies in	
	each of said control zones;		
	b)	individually supplying primary air to each of said burner	
	assemblies in each o	f said control zones for mixture and at least partial combustion	
	with said fuel supplie	ed thereto thereby producing a separate intermediate combustion	
10	product for each of s	aid burner assemblies;	
	<u>c)</u>	individually supplying secondary air to each of said burner	
	assemblies and each	of said control zones for mixture with said intermediate	
	combustion product	for further combustion thereby producing a combusted gas stream	
	for each of said burn	er assemblies;	
15	<u>d)</u>	individually measuring a combustion characteristic of the	
	collective combusted	gas from said burner assemblies in each of said control zones,	
	wherein said combustion characteristic is oxygen concentration; and		
	<u>e)</u>	individually adjusting the flow of said primary air and of	
	individually adjustin	g the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies	

in each of said control zones in response to the value of said combustion characteristic 20 corresponding to each of said control zones to keep the value of each of said combustion characteristics within a predetermined range, wherein the flow of said primary air to each of said burner assemblies is adjusted in response to the value of said combustion characteristic corresponding to each of said control zones first, followed by adjustment of the flow of said secondary air, as needed, in order to keep 25 the value of said combustion characteristic within said predetermined range, and wherein said step of individually adjusting the flow of said primary air and individually adjusting the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step c) is performed such that the oxygen concentration in said collective combusted gas corresponding to each of said control zones is in the range of from 30 about 0.5 to about 5.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.

20. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim—18 19 wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of said primary air and of individually adjusting the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step e) is performed such that the oxygen concentration of said collective combusted gas corresponding to each of said control zones is in the range of from about 1.0 to about 3.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.

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21. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim—18 19 wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of said primary air and of individually adjusting the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step e) is performed such that the oxygen concentration of said collective combusted gas

corresponding to each of said control zones is in the range of from 1.5 to 2.0 volume 5 %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas. 22. (Cancel) 23. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim 22, wherein the step-of optimizing the efficiency of a combustion device comprising at least three control zones, each of said control zones comprising at least one burner assembly, said method comprising: a) individually supplying fuel to each of said burner assemblies in 5 each of said control zones; individually supplying primary air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones for mixture and at least partial combustion with said fuel supplied thereto thereby producing a separate intermediate combustion 10 product for each of said burner assemblies; individually supplying secondary air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones for mixture with said intermediate combustion product for further combustion thereby producing a combusted gas stream for each of said burner assemblies; individually measuring a combustion characteristic of the 15 d) collective combusted gas from said burner assemblies in each of said control zones wherein said combustion characteristic is carbon dioxide concentration; and individually adjusting the flow of said primary air and of e) individually adjusting the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies 20 in each of said control zones in response to the value of said combustion characteristic corresponding to each of said control zones to keep the value of each of said combustion characteristics within a predetermined range, wherein the flow of said primary air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones is adjusted in response to the value of said combustion characteristic corresponding to each of said control zones first, followed by adjustment of the flow of said secondary air, as needed, in order to keep the value of each of said combustion characteristics within said predetermined range, and wherein said step of individually adjusting the flow of said primary air and individually adjusting the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step e) is performed such that the carbon dioxide concentration in said collective combusted gas corresponding to each of said control zones is greater than 2.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.

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- 24. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim-22 23 wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of said primary air and of individually adjusting the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step e) is performed such that the carbon dioxide concentration of said collective combusted gas corresponding to each of said control zones is greater than about 5.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
- 25. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim-22 23 wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of said primary air and of individually adjusting the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step e) is performed such that the carbon dioxide concentration of said collective combusted

gas corresponding to each of said control zones is greater than 10.0 volume %, based 5 on the total volume of said collective combusted gas. 26. (Cancel) (Amended) A method in accordance with claim 26, wherein the 27. step of optimizing the efficiency of a combustion device comprising at least three control zones, each of said control zones comprising at least one burner assembly, said method comprising: 5 individually supplying fuel to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones; individually supplying primary air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones for mixture and at least partial combustion with said fuel supplied thereto, thereby producing a separate intermediate combustion 10 product for each of said burner assemblies; individually supplying secondary air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones for mixture with said intermediate combustion product for further combustion thereby producing a combusted gas stream for each of said burner assemblies; individually measuring a combustion characteristic of the 15 collective combusted gas from said burner assemblies in each of said control zones, wherein said combustion characteristic is carbon monoxide concentration; and individually adjusting the flow of said primary air and of <u>e)</u> individually adjusting the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step e) in each of said control zones in response to the value of said combustion 20

characteristic corresponding to each of said control zones to keep the value of each of said combustion characteristics within a predetermined range, wherein the flow of said primary air to each of said burner assemblies is adjusted in response to the value of said combustion characteristic corresponding to each of said control zones first, followed by adjustment of the flow of said secondary air, as needed, in order to keep the value of each of said combustion characteristics within said predetermined range, and wherein said step of individually adjusting the flow of said primary air and of individually adjusting the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step e) is performed such that the carbon monoxide concentration of said collective combusted gas corresponding to each of said control zones is less than about 1000 ppmy, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.

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- 28. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim-26 27 wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of said primary air and of individually adjusting the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step e) is performed such that the carbon monoxide concentration of said collective combusted gas corresponding to each of said control zones is less than about 500 ppmv, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
- 29. (Amended) A method in accordance with claim-26 27 wherein the step of individually adjusting the flow of said primary air and of individually adjusting the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step e) is performed such that said carbon monoxide concentration of said collective combusted gas corresponding to each of said control zones is substantially 0 ppmv, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.

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	37.	(Amended) A method in accordance with claim 35 wherein of
	increasing the efficie	ncy of a combustion device comprising the following steps:
	a)	providing a combustion device comprising:
		i) at least three control zones, each of said control zones
5		comprising at least one burner assembly;
		ii) at least one gas analyzer operably related to each of said
		control zones for receiving and analyzing samples of
		combusted gas from each of said control zones;
		iii) each of said burner assemblies comprising:
· 10		a) a fuel introduction means for introducing fuel into said
		burner assembly;
		b) a primary air introduction means for introducing
		primary air into said burner assembly for mixture and at
e		least partial combustion with said fuel, thereby
15		producing an intermediate combustion product; and

c) a secondary air introduction means for introducing

secondary air into said burner assembly for mixture and

further combustion with said intermediate combustion

product, thereby producing a combusted gas stream for

each of said burner assemblies; and

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introduction means, said secondary air introduction means, and said at least one gas analyzer, for adjusting the flow of primary air and the flow of secondary air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones through said primary air introduction means and said secondary air introduction means, respectively, in response to the value of a combustion characteristic measured in the collective combusted gas streams corresponding to each of said control zones.;

- b) introducing fuel into each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones via said fuel introduction means;
- c) introducing primary air into said burner assemblies in each of
 said control zones via said primary air introduction means for
 mixture and at least partial combustion with said fuel thereby
 producing an intermediate combustion product;
- d) introducing secondary air into said burner assemblies in each of
 said control zones via said secondary air introduction means for

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mixture and further combustion with said intermediate

combustion product thereby producing a combusted gas stream

for each of said burner assemblies;

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e) individually measuring the value of a combustion characteristic

in the collective combusted gas streams corresponding to each

of said control zones wherein said combustion characteristic is

selected from the group consisting of oxygen concentration,

carbon dioxide concentration, and carbon monoxide

concentration;

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wherein the step of adjusting the flow of said primary air and the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones through said primary air introduction means and said secondary air introduction means, respectively, in response to the value of said combustion characteristics measured in step e) corresponding to each of said control zones wherein the flow of said primary air to each of said burner assemblies in each of said control zones is adjusted via said control means in response to the value of said combustion characteristic corresponding to each of said control zones first, followed by adjustment of the flow of said secondary air, as needed, via said control means in order to keep the value of each of said combustion characteristics within a predetermined range, wherein the step of adjusting the flow

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of said primary air and the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step f) is performed such that the oxygen concentration in the collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is in the range of from about 0.5 to about 5.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas, and such that the carbon dioxide concentration in the collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is greater than about 2.0 volume-%, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas, and such that that the carbon monoxide concentration in the collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is less than about 1000 ppmv, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.

- 38. A method in accordance with claim—35 37 wherein the step of adjusting the flow of said primary air and the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step f) is performed such that the oxygen concentration in the collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is in the range of from about 1.0 to about 3.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
- 39. A method in accordance with claim—35 37 wherein the step of adjusting the flow of said primary air and the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step f) is performed such that the oxygen concentration in the collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is in the range of from 1.5 to 2.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.

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- 41. A method in accordance with claim—35 37 wherein the step of adjusting the flow of said primary air and the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step f) is performed such that the carbon dioxide concentration in the collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is greater than about 5.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
- 42. A method in accordance with claim-35 37 wherein the step of adjusting the flow of said primary air and the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step f) is performed such that the carbon dioxide concentration in the collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is greater than 10.0 volume %, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
 - 43. (Cancel)
- 44. A method in accordance with claim-35 37 wherein the step of adjusting the flow of said primary air and the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step f) is performed such that the carbon monoxide concentration in the collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is less than about 500 ppmv, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
- 45. A method in accordance with claim—35 37 wherein the step of adjusting the flow of said primary air and the flow of said secondary air to each of said burner assemblies of step f) is performed such that the carbon monoxide concentration in the collective combusted gas for each of said control zones is substantially 0 ppmv, based on the total volume of said collective combusted gas.
 - 46. (Cancel)

- 47. (Cancel)
- 48. (Cancel)